

## Dilutions Worksheet

- 1) If I have 340 mL of a 0.5 M NaBr solution, what will the concentration be if I add 560 mL more water to it?
- 2) If I dilute 250 mL of 0.10 M lithium acetate solution to a volume of 750 mL, what will the concentration of this solution be?
- 3) If I leave 750 mL of 0.50 M sodium chloride solution uncovered on a windowsill and 150 mL of the solvent evaporates, what will the new concentration of the sodium chloride solution be?
- 4) To what volume would I need to add water to the evaporated solution in problem 3 to get a solution with a concentration of 0.25 M?

## Molarity and Dilution Worksheet

NAME:

1) For each of the following solutions, the number of moles of solute is given, followed by the total volume of solution prepared. Calculate the molarity.

- a. 0.50 mol of NaCl; 0.200 L
- b. 0.50 mol of NaCl; 0.125 L
- c. 0.25 mol of NaCl; 100. mL
- d. 0.75 mol of NaCl; 300. mL

3) For each of the following solutions, the mass of the solute is given, followed by the total volume of solution prepared.

Calculate the molarity.

- a. 5.0 g of  $\text{CaCl}_2$ ; 2.5 L
- b. kg of KBr; 4.5 L
- c. 1.5 g of  $\text{NaNO}_3$ ; 75 mL
- d. 4.5 g of  $\text{Na}_2\text{SO}_4$ ; 125 mL

2) How many moles of the indicated solute does each of the following solutions contain?

- a. 10.0 L of 0.550 M  $\text{NaHCO}_3$  solution
- b. 5.0 L of 12 M HCl solution
- c. 250. L of 19.4 M NaOH solution
- d. 125 mL of 17.0 M  $\text{HC}_2\text{H}_3\text{O}_2$  solution

4) How many grams of the indicated solute does each of the following solutions contain?

- a. 2.00 L of 1.33 M NaCl solution
- b. 0.050 mL of 6.0 M HCl solution
- c. 125 mL of 3.05 M  $\text{HNO}_3$  solution
- d. 1.25 L of 0.503 M NaBr solution

### Perform the following dilution calculations.

5) To what volume must 100. ml of 1.0 M NaCl be diluted in order to obtain a 0.10 M solution? How much solvent must be added?

6) How many liters of 0.50 M  $\text{KMnO}_4$  solution can be produced from 0.50 L of a 3.0 M solution. How much solvent must be added?

7) To what volume must 100. ml of 6.0 M HCl be diluted in order to obtain a 1.0 M solution? How much solvent must be added?

8) What is the concentration of a standard NaOH solution if 250. ml of 2.0 M NaOH were produced from an initial volume of 100.0 ml of standard solution?

## Molarity and Dilution Problems 2

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

- 1) Describe how you would prepare 5.00 liters of a 6.00M solution of potassium hydroxide.
- 2) How would you prepare 100.0ml of .4M  $\text{MgSO}_4$  from a stock solution of 2.0M  $\text{MgSO}_4$ ?
- 3) If 1.00L of water is added to 3.00 L of a 6.00M solution of HCl, what is the new molarity of the acid solution?
- 4) What is the concentration when 50.0ml of 1.0M  $\text{Na}_2\text{SO}_4$  is diluted to 500mL?
- 5) How would you prepare 4.0L of .5M sodium carbonate from a 10.0M solution?
- 6) You need 267 mL of .25M NaCl, but the only supply of NaCl you have is 1.75M NaCl. How do you prepare the required solution?
- 7) Describe how you would prepare 1.50L of a .25M solution of sodium sulfate.
- 8) Calculate the molarity of a solution containing 10.0 grams of sulfuric acid in 500 ml of solution.
- 9) Hydrogen peroxide solution for hair bleaching is usually prepared by mixing 5.0 g of hydrogen peroxide,  $\text{H}_2\text{O}_2$ , per 100.0 ml of solution. What is the molarity of this solution?
- 10) A chemist wants to dilute 50.0 ml of 3.50 M Sulfuric acid to 2.00 M Sulfuric acid. To what volume must it be diluted?

### Molarity and Dilution Problems 3

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

1. What is the molarity of a 1000 ml solution containing 65.12 g of potassium cyanide?
2. What is the molarity of 500 ml of solution containing 41.98 g of sodium fluoride?
3. What is the molarity of 125 ml of solution containing 5.31 g sodium nitrate?
4. 12.47 g of ammonium nitrate are dissolved in water, then diluted to 250 ml. What is the molarity of the resulting solution?
5. 16.99 g of silver nitrate are dissolved in water, then diluted to 500 ml. What is the molarity of this solution?
6. How many grams of potassium chloride are required to make 1.00 L of a 2.00 M solution?
7. How many g of sodium dichromate are needed to make 500 ml of a of a 1.5 M solution?
8. How much calcium chloride would you need to make 400 ml of a 0.5 M solution?
9. If I started with 500 ml of 2.50 M solution and diluted it to 1500 ml, what would the resulting molarity be?
10. How many ml of 12.0 M sulfuric acid are required to make 1000 ml of a 0.1 M solution?